Art & Design

- Use journals to collect and record visual information from different sources.
- Lines and Marks make marks and lines with a wide range of drawing implements e.g. charcoal, pencil, crayon, chalk pastels, pens etc.
- Select from first hand observation, experience and explore ideas for different purposes.
- Make thoughtful observations about starting points and select ideas to use in their work
- Compare ideas in their own and others' work and say what they think and feel about them
- Adapt and annotate their work by describing how they might develop it further.

Music

- Sing in 2 parts understanding how to work together in a group using good diction.
- Consider that words mean something and project the meaning of the song.
- Learn to play a new instrument, treat it with respect and care and play it correctly.
- · Respond to musical cues of the conductor.
- Sing, Play and Copy back clapping progressing to using instruments.
- Find the pulse, the steady beat to the music they are listening to and understand what that means.
- Identify basic musical styles from different times and traditions and the instruments played (e.g. RnB, Rock, Pop, Reggae, Film, Musicals, Disco, Funk etc.)
- Use accurate musical language to describe and talk about music from different contexts within history.
- Play more confidently as part of a group by ear and with basic notation.
- Perform what they have learnt to other people.
- Practise, rehearse and present performances with awareness of the audience.

Computing

Programming

Control a device or program through a series of commands (algorithms).

Keep testing my program and can recognise when I need to debug it.

Use repetition in programs to write code using the least number of lines and improve efficiency.

Digital Literacy

Understand that a keyboard is an input device.

Understand that the movement of a character on screen is the output.

Use school email system to communicate with others online.

Online Safety

Understand that emails/messages have to be sent to a specific address and emails from unknown sources should not be opened.



- Resilience and Perseverance
- Teamwork and Cooperation
- Respect and Communication
- Motivation and Curiosity
- Self-confidence and Esteem
 - Independence

History

Stone Age to Iron Age

- Sequence several events (including previously taught topics) on a timeline using dates, including those that are sometimes further apart..
- Understands timelines can be divided into BC and AD.
- Compare similarities and contrast differences of how things have changed over the Three Ages e.g. tools, homes
- Use a range of evidence sources to describe, reason and infer about the Three Ages.
- Know the difference between primary and secondary sources of evidence and understand why there is a lack of primary sources for the Three Ages
- Demonstrate a more in-depth understanding of what life was life during the Stone Age period and how it changed when man started to farm.
- Explore how life changed leading into the Iron Age and recognise characteristics of the Iron Age hill fort community.
- Explore why Stone Age Britons spent most of their time living in camps rather than in
- Based on sources of evidence, develop informed conclusions as to why Stonehenge was built (Bronze Age) recognising the difference between historical facts and historical supposition (myths/assumptions)
- Regularly address and sometimes devise own questions to find out answers abut the past e.g. how did developments in the iron age improve quality of life?
- Describe and explain the significance of Skara Brae to archaeologists' in their understanding of how Ancient Britons lived during the Stone Age.
- Present and summarise findings about past through simple written narratives, diaries, speeches and letters
- Use a variety of historical terms and concepts- similarities, differences, timeline, historical event, modern, artefact, historian, significant, BC/AD, decade, century, ancient, research, evidence, archaeologist

Modern Languages

Roniou

- •Understand, read and write simple greetings phrases.
- •Ask and say how they are feeling.
- •Link words to create simple sentences.
- •Take part in a simple French conversation with a partner.

En Class

- •Identify and name classroom objects.
- •Begin to describe classroom objects using colour adjectives.
- •Understand a range of verb phrases linked to classroom instructions.
- •Say how old they are and ask others.

- Answer simple questions.
- Begin to understand masculine and feminine nouns
- Recognise sounds within words.
- Use accurate pronunciation.

Design and Technology

- Develop vocabulary related to the product
- Use mechanical systems such as levers and linkages
- Use lolly sticks/card to make levers and linkages
- Use linkages to make movement larger or more varied
- Create a design that meets a range of requirements
- Plan a sequence of actions to make a product
- Think ahead about the order of their work and decide upon tools and materials
- Propose realistic suggestions as to how they can achieve their design ideas
- Select from a range of tools for cutting shaping joining and finishing
- Cut slo
- Investigate similar products to the one to be made to give starting points for a design
- Decide which design idea to develop
- Consider and explain how the finished product could be improved

PSHE-& RHE

Democracy

Respect & Communication

Self-Confidence & Esteem

As a Rule

Explain why we have rules;

Explore why rules are different for different age groups, in particular for internet-based activities;

Suggest appropriate rules for a range of settings;

Consider the possible consequences of breaking the rules.

Me and My Relationships & Valuing Differences

Respect & Communication

Looking after our special people

Identify people who they have a special relationship with;

Suggest strategies for maintaining a positive relationship with their special people.

Friends are special

Identify qualities of friendship;

Suggest reasons why friends sometimes fall out;

Rehearse and use, now or in the future, skills for making up again.

Science

Rocks Knowledge

- compare and group together different kinds of rocks on the basis of their appearance and simple physical properties (Maths link)
- describe in simple terms how fossils are formed when things that have lived are trapped within rock
- recognise that soils are made from rocks and organic matter.

Skills

- Explore / observe things in the local environment / real contexts and record observations
- Decide ways and give reasons for sorting, grouping, classifying, identifying things/objects
- · Within a group suggest relevant questions about what they observe and about the world around them.
- Within a group suggest questions that can be explored, observed,
- As a group, begin to make some decisions about the best way of answering their question.
- Find/suggest a practical way to compare things e.g. rocks,
- · Collect data from their own observations and measurements using notes/ simple tables/standard units
- Use equipment accurately to improve the detail of their measurements/observations
- (microscopes, measuring syringes, measuring cylinders, hand lenses)
- Record and present findings using simple scientific language and vocabulary from the year 3 PoS including discussions, oral and
 written explanations, notes, annotated drawings, pictorial representations, labelled diagrams, simple tables, bar charts (using
 scales chosen for them), displays or presentations

Plants, Animals, including humans Knowledge (seasons week)

- identify and describe the functions of different parts of flowering plants: roots, stem/trunk, leaves and flowers
- explore the requirements of plants for life and growth (air, light, water, nutrients from soil, and room to grow) and how they vary
 from plant to plant
- investigate the way in which water is transported within plants
- explore the part that flowers play in the life cycle of flowering plants, including pollination, seed formation and seed dispersal
- Observe and record relationships between structure and function
- Ask questions such as 'What if we tried 2 Or 'What if we changed 2'
- Help to make some decisions about what observations to make, how long to make them for, the type of simple equipment that
 might be used and how to work safely.
- Use their experience and some evidence or results to draw a simple conclusion to answer their original question
- Compare and contrast and begin to consider the relationships between different things (e.g. structures of plants, functions of plant parts, changes over time

Anti-Bullying

Zeb

Understand and explain some of the reasons why different people are bullied;

Explore why people have prejudiced views and understand what this is.

Physical Education

Games

- Pass a ball using a chest pass.
- Receive a ball from a chest pass and keep control.
- Dribble a ball with control and consistency.
- Keep possession of the ball in simple competitive games.
- · Throw underarm with accuracy.
- · Catch a ball in a striking and fielding game.
- Bowl underarm.
- Strike a bowl from a tee, drop feed or bowler.
- Use simple tactics in a modified competitive game.
- Evaluate success

Dance

- · Explore the Rock and Roll dance genre.
- Perform a range of Rock and Roll dance actions individually and with a partner.
- Link Rock and Roll steps in a simple dance phrase with a partner.
- Create, record, perform and repeat own dance phrase for an audience.
- Evaluate success.

Gymnastics

- · Travel with control on 4 body points.
- Balance with stillness on 2 and 3 body points.
- · Link actions smoothly.
- Create and perform a floor sequence of 6 actions including travel, balance, rolling, jumping and balance on small body
- Evaluate success

RE

Religious Education *British Values link

Christianity Jesus

- understand why Christmas is such an important celebration for Christians.
- understand the significance of the gifts the wise men brought to baby Jesus.
- describe the main events of the Nativity story.
- Know why people in the past brought greenery into their homes during the winter.
- explain how the Christmas tree was made popular in Britain.
- explain why people give and receive presents at Christmas.
- know when the 12 days of Christmas are.
- describe some of the traditions associated with the 12 days of Christmas.
- reflect on what Christmas means to them individually as well as other people around the world.

Islam

- develop and understanding of the importance of founders and leaders for religious communities
- identify Islamic beliefs and values contained within the story of the life of the Prophet Muhammad (pbuh)
- describe how a Muslim might try to follow the teachings and example of the Prophet Muhammad (pbuh)
- describe and give reasons for the Islamic practice of Zakah
- suggest why charity might be important to a Muslim and the different ways that a Muslim might try to be charitable
- identify characteristics of a good role model
- discuss how good role models can have a positive impact on individuals, communities and societies*
- reflect on their own aspirations for themselves and others*
- ask questions and suggest answers about how they can try to make the world a better place*